

Law

General Information

Law is about life! It is something that concerns almost everything we do from birth until death and even beyond. Human activity is governed by rules, and a knowledge of how law develops and operates is useful in any field of employment.

We encourage you to follow current developments in the news and to think critically about the law and the legal system. The study of law will develop and enhance your analytical and problem-solving skills. You will develop written and verbal communication skills and gain an invaluable understanding of the legal system. The law is constantly evolving and developing and this makes it an exciting subject to study.

Entry requirements

Law would suit students with an interest in current affairs, debating and exploring topical legal issues. You do not have to have studied Law previously to take the subject. You must have at least a grade 5 in GCSE English. As Law is examined through written exams enthusiasm for essay writing and good English skills are essential.

You should also meet the general college entry requirements for Advanced Level study. Please refer to the current Prospectus - advanced programmes, entry requirements.

Entry requirements might be changed in light of curriculum reform.

Examination details

There will be three exams - each two hours in length. These will contain a mixture of compulsory and optional questions. Some will be problem based; others essay style or short answer questions.

Advanced Level

(Exam board –OCR)

(Specification code: H415/01, 02, 03)



Law visit to London



Law

Advanced Level

Course content

The A Level comprises 3 Units taught over two years. You will study three areas of law as well as key aspects of the legal system. The three areas of law are:

- Criminal Law
- Tort Law and either
- Contract Law or Human Rights

In addition you will study the English legal system – the legal system of England and Wales.

Criminal Law content general principles of criminal law, murder, manslaughter, and non-fatal offences, property offences such as theft and robbery, key defences such as insanity, self defence, duress automatism and intoxication, the law on attempt.

Tort Law content negligence, nuisance, occupiers' liability, defences and remedies in tort law, the principle of vicarious liability.

Human Rights content - the nature and protection of human rights, the role of the human rights act and a focus on freedom of expression, and the rights to assembly, liberty and privacy and the right not to be discriminated against
or Contract Law content the rules of contract law, express and implied terms, theories of contract law, consumer rights, exclusion clauses, remedies.

Legal system content sources of English law – legislation, delegated legislation, EU Law, statutory interpretation, precedent, criminal courts and lay people (jury and magistrates), the legal profession and judiciary, legal funding and access to justice, the nature of law, the rule of law, law and morality and law and justice.

How it is taught

Lessons utilise a variety of teaching methods including teacher-led work, student research using internet and library resources, class discussion and debates. We encourage you to take an active part in class – to raise questions, to contribute to discussions and question and answer sessions and to work together with other students.

In recent times activities have included attending University Conferences, visits to Parliament and the Supreme Court and participation in the Bar National Mock Trial Competition and National Debating Competitions. In addition, each year we normally have several visiting speakers (recent examples have included a local Magistrate and lecturers from Northumbria and Teesside Universities).

You are expected to keep well-organised files, to develop note-taking skills and to make regular use of web resources and your class textbooks.

Useful / common subject combinations

Law combines well with all other subject areas in College. We have students with a wide range of subject combinations as many of the skills you will develop in Law are transferable. Students who take science benefit from developing analytical and reasoning skills. Humanities students benefit from well developed written skills and an ability to argue a viewpoint and express themselves well.

Students who are interested in current affairs and debating enjoy studying Law.

Careers and HE information

Each year about 30-40 students progress to study Law at University. Destinations in recent years have included Oxford, Cambridge, Sheffield, Manchester, Nottingham, Teesside, Leeds, Newcastle, Lancaster, Liverpool and Northumbria.

Others go on to study non-law related subjects, some to a Gap Year and others enter Higher Level Apprenticeships or employment, including the police force.